State of California—Health and Human Services Agency

Department of Health Services



Director



September 1, 2004

MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURES MANUAL LETTER NO.: 292

TO: ALL HOLDERS OF THE MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURES MANUAL

SUBJECT: ARTICLE 22C-2-DETERMINING SUBSTANTIAL GAINFUL ACTIVITY

(Ref: Manual Letter No: 261 and ACWDL- 03-60)

Enclosed is an update to the Medi-Cal Eligibility Procedures Manual Article 22C-2 reflecting the current Substantial Gainful Activity amount (\$810) for 2004. This information was previously released to counties in December 2003.

Filing Instructions:

Remove Pages:

Insert Pages:

Article 22

Article 22

Pages 22C-2.1 and 22C.2.2

Pages 22C-2.1 and 22C-2.2

Any questions pertaining to the above information should be directed to Mr. Terry Durham at (916) 552-9483.

Original signed by

Richard Brantingham Acting Chief Medi-Cal Eligibility Branch

Enclosures

MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURES MANUAL

22 C-2 - DETERMINING SUBSTANTIAL GAINFUL ACTIVITY

BACKGROUND

Section 435.540 of 42 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) requires Medi-Cal to use the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) definition of disability to decide whether a client is eligible for Medi-Cal disability.

To be considered disabled, SSI requires that an individual be:

"unable to engage in Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA), due to a medically determined physical or mental impairment, which is expected to result in death, or which is expected to last for a continuous period of 12 months".

A client who performs SGA is not disabled, even if a severe physical or mental impairment exists.

2. THE CURRENT SGA AMOUNT

Since the SGA amount is now based on the federal average wage index, the dollar amount may be adjusted annually.

 Using the new formula, the SGA amount has increased to \$810 per month effective January 1, 2004.

NOTE: Since the SGA amount may change annually, future revisions to the manual regarding the actual SGA amount will only be reflected in this section. All other references to the SGA amount will only state "Current SGA Amount" and no dollar figure will be noted.

3. WHEN TO USE THESE PROCEDURES

These procedures will be used when a client:

- files for Medi-Cal disability, states on the MC 223 that he or she is working, and has gross earnings of more than the current SGA amount per month, or
- meets the criteria for Presumptive Disability (PD), but earns over the current SGA
 amount per month, PD should <u>not</u> be approved until an SGA determination is made.

NOTE: These procedures do not apply to clients who are blind or to beneficiaries who return to work after disability has been approved. If an SGA evaluation was not performed because the client alleged blindness, and State Program – Disability and Adult Programs Division (SP-DAPD) found that the client was disabled but not blind, an SGA evaluation must be performed before eligibility as a disabled person can be established.

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MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY PROCEDURES MANUAL

4. PROCEDURES

A. <u>SGA DETERMINATIONS</u>

The EW shall determine whether client is performing SGA when client has earned income over the current SGA amount per month. The EW shall:

1. Obtain: Client's gross monthly earnings (if irregular, earnings should be

averaged.) Earnings derived from In-Home Supportive Services

are treated as earned income.

2. <u>Determine</u>: Whether there are impairment-related work expenses (IRWEs)

or subsidies that can reduce earnings below the SGA amount.

(A discussion of IRWEs and subsidies follows.)

3. Deny: If disability "net countable earnings" are over the current SGA

amount.

Submit: A full disability packet to SP-DAPD, including an MC 220,

MC 221, and MC 223, only if "net countable earnings" are at the

current SGA amount or less.

5. Alert: Is sent by SP-DAPD via a DAPD Pending Information Update

Form (MC 222) when a disability packet was sent to SP-DAPD and client is subsequently found to be engaging in SGA.

SP-DAPD will stop case development and return case to the

county of origin.

Work Activity Report form (MC 273, Exhibit 2) should be provided to client whose earnings are over the current SGA amount to help in making SGA determinations.

B. <u>IMPAIRMENT-RELATED WORK EXPENSES</u>

Impairment-related work expenses (IRWEs) are certain expenses, which are incurred and paid by an impaired client to enable him/her to work.

1. SGA Determination

IRWEs can be deducted from gross earnings to arrive at "net countable earnings".

If "net countable earnings" are over current the SGA amount, deny the application. For self-employment, IRWEs can be deducted from net income, if not already deducted from gross income as a business expense.

Example: The current SGA amount is \$810. The client earns \$1,100 oper month and has \$200 worth of IRWEs for special transportation costs to go to work and for medications needed to control a seizure condition. In this example the net countable earnings are \$900 per month (\$1100-\$200). As net countable earnings (\$900) are more than the current SGA amount, the client is performing SGA and the application is denied.

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