

PROVIDER SITE RE/CERTIFICATION PROTOCOL

ATTACHMENT A

DEFINITIONS OF SERVICES PROVIDED PER CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 9

Section 1810.203. Adult Residential Treatment Service.

“Adult Residential Treatment Service” means rehabilitative services, provided in a non–institutional, residential setting, which provide a therapeutic community including a range of activities and services for beneficiaries who would be at risk of hospitalization or other institutional placement if they were not in the residential treatment program. The service is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Service activities may include assessment, plan development, therapy, rehabilitation and collateral.

Section 1810.208. Crisis Residential Treatment Service.

“Crisis Residential Treatment Service” means therapeutic or rehabilitative services provided in a non–institutional residential setting which provides a structured program for beneficiaries as an alternative to hospitalization for beneficiaries experiencing an acute psychiatric episode or crisis who do not present medical complications requiring nursing care. The service supports beneficiaries in their efforts to restore, maintain, and apply interpersonal and independent living skills, and to access community support systems. The service is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Service activities may include assessment, plan development, therapy, rehabilitation, collateral, and crisis intervention.

Section 1810.209. Crisis Intervention.

“Crisis Intervention” means a service, lasting less than 24 hours, to or on behalf of a beneficiary for a condition which requires more timely response than a regularly scheduled visit. Service activities may include but are not limited to assessment, collateral and therapy. Crisis intervention is distinguished from crisis stabilization by being delivered by providers who are not eligible to deliver crisis stabilization or who are eligible, but deliver the service at a site other than a provider site that has been certified by the department or a Mental Health Plan to provide crisis stabilization.

Section 1810.210. Crisis Stabilization. (Emergency and Urgent Care)

“Crisis Stabilization” means a service lasting less than 24 hours, to or on behalf of a beneficiary for a condition which requires more timely response than a regularly scheduled visit. Service activities may include but are not limited to assessment, collateral and therapy. Crisis stabilization must be provided on site at a 24 hour health facility or hospital–based outpatient program or at other provider sites which have been certified by the department or a Mental Health Plan to provide crisis stabilization services.

Section 1810.212. Day Rehabilitation.

“Day Rehabilitation” means a structured program of rehabilitation and therapy to improve, maintain or restore personal independence and functioning, consistent with requirements for learning and development, which provides services to a distinct group of beneficiaries and is available at least three hours and less than twenty–four hours each day the program is open. Service activities may include, but are not limited to, assessment, plan development, therapy, rehabilitation and collateral.

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Section 1810.213. Day Treatment Intensive.

“Day Treatment Intensive” means a structured, multi-disciplinary program of therapy which may be an alternative to hospitalization, avoid placement in a more restrictive setting, or maintain the beneficiary in a community setting, with services available at least three hours and less than twenty-four hours each day the program is open. Service activities may include, but are not limited to, assessment, plan development, therapy, rehabilitation and collateral.

Section 1810.225. Medication Support Services.

“Medication Support Services” means those services which include prescribing, administering, dispensing and monitoring of psychiatric medications or biologicals which are necessary to alleviate the symptoms of mental illness. The services may include evaluation of the need for medication, evaluation of clinical effectiveness and side effects, the obtaining of informed consent, medication education and plan development related to the delivery of the service and/or assessment of the beneficiary.

Section 1810.227. Mental Health Services.

“Mental Health Services” means those individual or group therapies and interventions that are designed to provide reduction of mental disability and improvement or maintenance of functioning consistent with the goals of learning, development, independent living and enhanced self-sufficiency and that are not provided as a component of adult residential services, crisis residential treatment services, crisis intervention, crisis stabilization, day rehabilitation, or day treatment intensive. Service activities may include but are not limited to assessment, plan development, therapy, rehabilitation and collateral.

Section 1810.236. Psychiatric Health Facility.

“Psychiatric Health Facility” means a facility licensed by the department under the provisions of Chapter 9, Division 5 of Title 22. For the purposes of this chapter, psychiatric health facilities that have been certified by the State Department of Health Services as providers of inpatient hospital services will be governed by the provisions applicable to hospitals and psychiatric inpatient hospital services, except when specifically indicated in context.

Section 1810.249. Targeted Case Management.

“Targeted Case Management” means services that assist a beneficiary to access needed medical, educational, social, prevocational, vocational, rehabilitative, or other community services. The service activities may include, but are not limited to, communication, coordination, and referral; monitoring service delivery to ensure beneficiary access to service and the service delivery system; monitoring of the beneficiary’s progress; and plan development.

DMH Letter No 99-03. Therapeutic Behavioral Services.

Therapeutic Behavioral Services are a one-to-one therapeutic contact between a mental health provider and a beneficiary for a specified short-term period of time which are designed to maintain the child/youth’s residential placement at the lowest appropriate level by resolving target behaviors and achieving short-term treatment goals. A contract is considered therapeutic if it is intended to provide the child/youth with skills to effectively manage the behavior(s) or symptom(s) that is the barrier to achieving residence in the lowest appropriate level.